

Presented by:

Juan Fernandez, CIO, ABM Federal and Mike Tucker, President & CEO, IOPFDA

March 12, 2020





Key Topics

The Extent of the Problem

Types of Security Threats Facing Businesses

- Malware and Ransomware
- Social Engineering and email Spoofing
- Unpatched Server and Software Vulnerabilities
- Account Takeover
- > Virus
- Cloud Stack, Shadow IT, Mobility Vulnerabilities

Why The Problem Continues

ABM Federal's Strategy for Addressing These Issues

> The Checklist



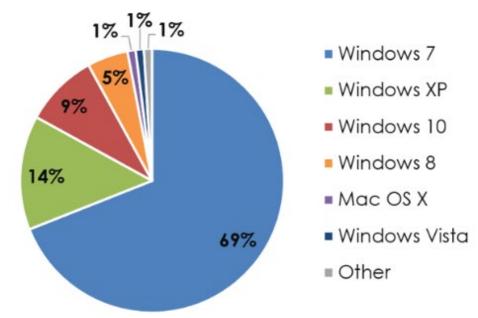
The Extent of the Problem

To better understand the problem, Spiceworks conducted a survey and found that

69% of businesses worldwide are currently running Windows 7

5% run Windows 8

14% still run Windows XP, which Microsoft stopped supporting in 2014



Share of Laptop/Desktop Operating Systems in Businesses Worldwide

The Extent of the Problem

What's more, a recent ServiceNow survey (conducted by Ponemon) highlighted some alarming trends. Of the 3,000 companies surveyed:

- 48% Almost half admitted that their organization suffered a data breach in the last two years
- 60% Of those that suffered a breach, almost 60% were due to an unpatched vulnerability
- Finally, of those that suffered a breach, 34% knew they were vulnerable but did nothing

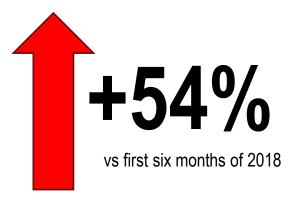
Cybercrime is on the Rise

Data breaches have run at a record pace in 2019. Consider these statistics for the first half of the year:

3,800: The number of publicly disclosed breaches

4.1 billion: The number of records exposed

+54%: Increase in number of reported breaches (vs. first six months of 2018)







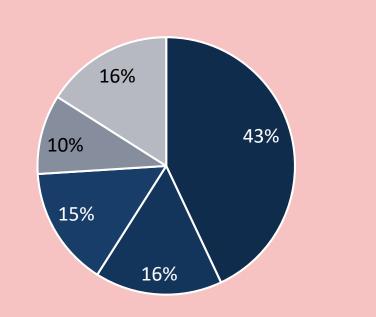


"Capital One hacked, 106 million customers records exposed"

While Large and high-profile companies garner the most media attention as cybercrime victims, **small and** medium sized businesses are squarely in the cybercriminals crosshairs

Data Breach Victims

- Small Businesses, 43%
- Public Sector, 16%
- Healthcare, 15%
- Financial, 10%
- All others, 16%





Verizon "2019 Data Breach Investigations Report"

CNBC News Headline:

"Cyberattacks now cost small companies \$200,000 on average, putting many out of business"

The consequences of cyberattacks on Small Business

- ➤ 43% of cyberattacks are **aimed at small businesses**, but only 14% are prepared to defend themselves
- These incidents now cost small businesses \$200,000 on average, with 60% of them going out of business within six months of being victimized
- ➤ More than half of all small businesses suffered a breach within the last year, with **4 in 10 having experienced multiple incidents**

It's critical for small businesses to adopt cybersecurity strategies for fighting threats





Why Hackers Target Small & Medium Sized Business?

Increasing online business

Easy Target – "Our company is too small"

- ➤ Valuable Data Customer Info, Login, Payment, etc.
- Minimal or Lack of Cybersecurity Protocols
- Less Resources

To get to a larger business – your customer

Not all attacks are for financial gain





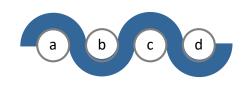
What is Cybersecurity?

People, Process and Technology working together to protect you, your business and your customers

Also known as "Information Technology Security".

A Multilayer strategy that consists of technologies, processes, and practices designed to protect networks, devices, programs, and data from unauthorized access, damage or attack.











Malware and Ransomware

Malware and Ransomware, which come in several forms, share the characteristic of self-installing on a computer and running in the background without the user's knowledge.

While malware hides and steals valuable information, ransomware locks the user's machine or encrypts files and then notifies the user with a ransom demand in order to unlock the machine or decrypt the files.

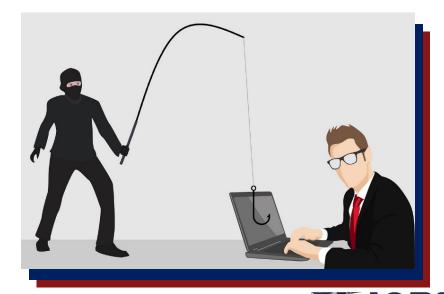




Social Engineering and email Spoofing

Attackers will use social engineering to pose as a colleague or business partner and send fake requests for information or the transfer of funds.

These emails can be quite convincing as the attacker makes a significant effort to identify an appropriate victim and register a fake domain, so that at first glance the email appears to belong to a colleague or supplier.





Unpatched Server and Software Vulnerabilities

One of the common ways for many of the previously mentioned types of security threats to gain access is via unpatched server and software—in short, legacy hardware and software where security patches and updates are either missed or beyond end of life. This can manifest in Remote Desktop Protocol attacks or distributed denial-of-service attacks (DDoS) among others.



The biggest threat to businesses in terms of cybersecurity vulnerabilities is data loss, especially where regulatory compliance is concerned, including personal health or financial data loss which can cripple a business if breached.

Account Takeover

Here, attackers use information-stealing malware and keyloggers to gain access to and hijack a corporate email account, which they then use to make fraudulent requests to colleagues, accounting departments and suppliers.

They can also alter mailbox rules so that the victim's email messages are forwarded to the attacker, or emails sent by the attacker are deleted from the list of sent emails.







Virus

A virus program works by replicating and inserting itself into other applications where it can slow computers, destroy data, disable software, and delete files.

It can be introduced via an email or file download onto an infected computer or portable storage device and by visiting malicious websites.



Cloud Stack, Shadow IT, Mobility Vulnerabilities

Use of the cloud in its various forms has introduced new challenges such as the access vulnerabilities of "bring your own device" (BYOD) endpoint devices and operating systems.

In addition, the use of unauthorized software or cloud services by internal business employees (known as "shadow IT") can introduce additional security vulnerabilities to the business.





Why The Problem Continues

Despite billions of dollars spent each year on sophisticated technology to help protect critical information assets, hackers and malicious insiders continue to steal information with seeming impunity.

The vast majority of breaches in cybersecurity are the result of human errors or actions that often occur without people even being aware of what they have done.



SMALL BUSINESS CYBERSECURITY UPDATE

CYBERSECURITY REALITY

\$415,000: The average cost of a cyber intrusion to organizations able to estimate monetary loss.

3 out of 4 organizations detected a security event in prior 12 months.



1

MAIN ST.

SMALL BUSINESS NETWORK SECURITY REALITY

40% of small businesses outsource their security to a third party.

33% of small businesses have their own on-premise firewall equipment.

17% of small businesses do NOT have a network security solution because it's not a priority for them and 10% do not have a solution because they don't know who to work with.

BENEFITS OF A MANAGED SECURITY SERVICE FOR SMALL BUSINESSES

A managed internet router and security service can deliver **UP TO 84%** lower total cost of ownership (TCO) compared to an internally managed approach.

KEY BENEFITS OF USING A MANAGED SECURITY SOLUTION

No special hardware to maintain

Automatic software updates

Ease of management

Low setup costs

TOP TECHNOLOGY CHALLENGES FOR SMALL BUSINESSES

32% say keeping up with the latest technology and upgrades is one of the three biggest challenges facing their business.

27% of respondents said that securing their network from external threats is their biggest technology challenge today.

TECH RD.





ABM Federal's Strategy for addressing these issues?

Security Assessment

ldentifies the risks and needs of the customer to set a baseline of issues that need attention.

Continuous monitoring and protection

Configuration management software that manages computer and server patching to maintain the highest level of protection.



Security Assessment

It's important to establish a baseline and close existing vulnerabilities. When was your last assessment?



Computer Updates

Keep Microsoft, Adobe, and Java products updated for better security. We provide a "critical update" service via automation to protect your computers from the latest known attacks.



ABM Federal's Strategy for addressing these issues?

- Next-generation firewall features that enable application control across the network
- Intrusion Prevention System (IPS) to identify the attacks coming from inside and outside the network
- Anti-spam technologies for threat detection using techniques such as blocking spammed IPs and spammed emails, conducting DNS lookups, IP comparison, etc.
- ➤ Data Loss Prevention System (DLP) for prevention of data leaks to and from the organization
- Web security gateway solutions protect web-surfing PCs from infection and enforce company and regulatory policy compliance
- ➤ Cloud Access Service Broker (CASB) to secure data in the cloud by enabling centralized control and enforcement of security policies wherever the data is stored, shared, or accessed



Firewall

Turn on Intrusion Protection and Intrusion Prevention features. Send log files to a managed SIEM. And it your IT team doesn't know hat these things are, call us today!



Backup

Backup local. Backup to the cloud. Have an offline backup for each month of the year. Test your backups often. And if you aren't convinced your backups are working properly, call us ASAP!



Advanced Endpoint Detection & Response

Protect your computers and data from malware, viruses and cyber attacks with advanced endpoint security. Today's latest technology (which replaces your outdated anti-virus solution) protects against file-less and script-based threats and can even rollback a ransomware attack.

THE CHECKLIST: 15 Ways To Protect Your Agency From A Cyber Attack!





Security Assessment

It's important to establish a baseline and close existing vulnerabilities. When was your last assessment?

Date: _____





Spam Email

Secure your email. Most attacks originate in your email. We'll help you choose a service designed to reduce spam and your exposure to attacks on your staff via email.





Passwords

Apply security policies on your network. Examples: Deny or limit USB file storage access, enable enhanced password policies, set user screen timeouts and limit user access.





Security Awareness

Train your users – often! Teach them about data security, email attacks and your policies and procedures. We offer a web-based training solution and "done for you" security process.





Multi-factor Authentication

Utilize Multi-factor Authentication whenever you can, including on your network, banking websites, and even social media. It adds an extra layer of protection to ensure that even if your password does get stolen, your data stays protected.





Computer Updates

Keep Microsoft, Adobe and Java products updated for better security. We provide a "critical update" service via automation to protect your computers from the latest know attacks





Advanced Endpoint Detection & Response

Protect your computers data from malware, viruses and cyber attacks with advanced endpoint security. Today's latest technology (which replaces your outdated anti-virus solution) protects against file-less and script-based threats and can even rollback a ransomware attack.



1 in 5 Small businesses will suffer a cyber breach this year

81% Of all breaches happened to small and medium size businesses

97% Of breaches could have been prevented with today's technology





Dark Web Research

Knowing in real-time what passwords and accounts have been posted on the Dark Web will allow you to be proactive in preventing a data breach. We scan the Dark Web and take action to protect your business from stolen credentials that have been posted for sales.





SIEM/Log Management

(Security Incident & Event Management)

Uses big data engines to review all event and security logs from all covered devices to protect against advanced threats and to meet compliance requirements.





Web Gateway Security

Internet Security is a race against time.
Cloud based security detects web and email
threats as they emerge on the internet and
blocks them on your network within
seconds – before they reach the user.





Mobile Device Security

Today's cyber criminals attempt to steal data or access your network by way of your employees' phones and tablets.

They're counting on you to neglect this piece of the puzzle. Mobile





Firewall

Turn on Intrusion Protection and Intrusion Prevention features. Send log files to a managed SIEM. And it your IT team doesn't know hat these things are, call us today!





Encryption

Whenever possible, the goal is to encrypt files at rest, in motion (think email) and especially on mobile devices.





Backup

Backup local. Backup to the cloud. Have an offline backup for each month of the year. Test your backups often. And if you aren't convinced your backups are working properly, call us ASAP!



Thank You!



Independent Office Products and Furniture Dealers Association (IOPFDA)
3601 East Joppa Road
Baltimore, MD 21234

P: (410) 931-8100 | E: info@iopfda.org | W: NOPAnet.org | OFDAnet.org

